



Ppendix Some Considerations on the Study of Construction

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Abstract: *This Article Considers Some Considerations on the Study of Construction.*

Key words: *Certain syntactic groups, V.V. Vinogradov 1960; 523-b, N.S. Pospelov, B.T. Published in 1987 by S.Kh. Oblokhlova with Tursunov.*

Despite many researches, the issue of attachment construction remains one of the topical issues in linguistics. The issue of the study of application constructions was considered from the theoretical side, first of all in Russian linguistics. It has been a long time since the issue of the construction of the application in Russian linguistics began to be organized. In this field "Грамматика русского языка" [V.V. Vinogradov 1960; p. 523] textbook can be cited as an example. The issue of the construction of the application was first discussed both theoretically and practically in "О присоединительных связях в современном русском языке" [S.Ye. Kryuchkov 1950; 210 p.] was analyzed in the article. The attached constructions are a representation of the syntax of spoken speech in a written source. The issue of constructions can be found in the monographs, large scientific works and articles of a number of scientists other than Russian linguistics. Academician V.V. Vinogradov's "Стил Пушкина " [1], N.S. Pospelov "Синтаксический строй стихотворных произведений А.С.Пушкина " [4], L.V. Sherba's works such as "О частях речи в русском языке" " [6] can be shown. In these works, additional constructions are explained not only from a theoretical point of view, but also from a practical point of view. The above-mentioned ideas about "Appendix constructions" have scientific and theoretical importance and are important for the development of other linguistic sciences. Especially S.Ye. Scientific and theoretical comments published in Kryuchkov's article can serve as a scientific-theoretical methodological basis for explaining some phenomena in all languages: German, English, French, Uzbek, Tajik, Kazakh. The most vivid example in this field is B.T. Tursunov's book " Вопросы присоединения, парцеллирования и сложного синтаксического целого " [5] published in 1987 by S. Kh. Oblokhlova can be cited. All candidate dissertations, monographs, and scientific articles on the "Issue of Applied Construction" were published in a certain order. They provide information about the language in which the issue is being organized and at what level. Many candidate's theses defended in German also on the issue of adjunct constructions show that the issue of adjunctive constructions is still not fully understood.

Adjunctive constructions are "relations" with an unusual order, which is its external sign. From a functional point of view, they reflect the simple style of the speech of the adjuster, the characteristics of his oral adjustment. Therefore, when examining such constructions, it is necessary to approach them more from the point of view of stylistics.

Stylistics is a science that organizes the elements of language, how to use tools in speech or the unique stylistic skills of a writer in expressing any idea, and in turn, it is divided into areas such as artistic speech style, scientific speech style, correspondence and practical office speech style. When explaining the properties of constructions, first of all, it is necessary to determine their place and function in speech. Then the structure of such connections, the interaction of its parts and their place in grammar should be determined. These constructions, in addition to being



aimed at performing some stylistic tasks, should also have a syntactic explanation, and how they should be understood from a practical point of view should be specified.

Certain syntactic groups (regardless of whether these groups are in the form of a simple sentence, consist of words or phrases) attach an additional part to the content expressed in it in the form of an appendix. As a result, there are connections that represent a common idea. In order to get an idea of the general appearance and some features of the application construction, we give the following example.

Und damit sollte nicht nur gesagt sein, daß Gottlieb sich zu allen, die auf pramkes seite Standen. Zu der Roten. (W.Flegel. Ein Katzensprung. S.172).

This application construction consists of two parts. The first part is the main part, and the second part is an additional part. The main idea of the adjuster is expressed in Und damit sollte nicht nur gesagt sein, daß Gottlieb sich zu allen, die auf pramkes seite Standen. It can also be noted that the supplementary part completes and concretizes the content of the main part.

That's why the attached number adds an additional comment to the previous idea in the example, identifying the people who wanted to go with the girl. That is, the additional element Feine Kavalerie concretizes a specific child of the main part, viele - the word. If the whole application given above was given by means of a construction, a simple construction, then it would be later to extract any significant meaning from the structure.

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